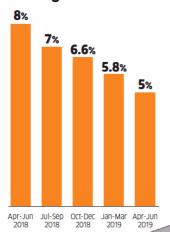
## **Fast Off the Blocks**

The early days of Modi 2.0 get high approval ratings for its decisive political moves in a study by MavenMagnet for ET Magazine



#### **Falling GDP Growth Rate**



ndia loved Narendra Modi's first term as prime minister, going by the 2019 election results. How is the country warming up to the initial months of its second-term PM? To gauge this, ET Magazine relied on conversation research agency

:: Suman Layak

To gauge this, ET Magazine relied on conversation research agency MavenMagnet. Based in New York and Mumbai, the company uses patented proprietary technology to glean the moodby analysing thousands of conversations online – on social media platforms such as Facebook, Instagram and Twitter, on forums and blog posts as well as comments on news articles.

The results have one limitation – it does not capture sentiment that has not been expressed online. If it has been expressed online in English, Hindi, Marathi, Bengali, Kannada, Tamil, Telugu or Malayalam, the study captures it.

The results are unequivocal. Modi's approval rating, so to speak, is high currently: 64% of the conversations analysed expressed positive sentiments about the government, with 36% expressing negative sentiments.

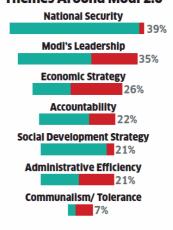
The gains are principally from political decisions such as the abrogation of Special Status for Kashmir in Article 370 and the National Register of Citizens in Assam, while the negatives have predominantly focused on the government's management of the economy.

MavenMagnet analysed more than 10,000 conversations on the government among 8,400 individuals from various sources for 89 days starting May 30, when the government took oath, and ending on August 26. The government completes 100 days on September 6.

The MavenMagnet Brand Aura, which measures impactful words around discussions on the government, shows the name "Modi" having the biggest impact with a mix of positives and negatives. The words with the biggest positive impact are "One India", "Kashmir", "Article 370" and "Amit Shah", while the big negatives are "economy", "tax", "middle

class" and "demonetisation". Among all the conversations, a large share – 39% – men-

#### Key Conversational Themes Around Modi 2.0



Percentages denote the share of a particular topic In total conversations; green denotes positive reactions and red negative

FAVOURABLE UNFAVOURABLE

#### Change in Kashmir's Status Got the Biggest Approval

tioned national security and almost all of it were in positive tones. The second most talked-about idea is around the prime minister's leadership of the government – at 35%. Economic strategy and accountability come up at third and fourth with 26% and 22% conversations on them, respectively. (These percentages, when added, exceed 100 as a conversation may have mentioned more than one topic.) Social development strategy (21%), administrative efficiency (21%) and communalism (7%) were the other top conversation themes. Economic strategy and communalism are the two topics where negative reactions overtook positive ones.

Apart from the top topics of conversation, the survey looked at reactions to some specific issues. Kashmir, criminalisation of triple talaq and the progress of the National Register of Citizens drew overwhelming positives for the government. The Union budget presented by Sitharaman on July 5, new announcements and rollback of some of the tax surcharge proposals on August 23 and the target of a \$5 trillion economy got high net negative vibes.

Commenting on the findings of the survey, Ritu Ghuwalewala, founder of MavenMagnet, says: "Modi's leadership continues to be a dominant force for NDA. However, we observed some negativity because of perceived false promises and publicity simmicks."

false promises and publicity gimmicks."

The survey missed covering conversations around the transfer of ₹1.76 lakh crore by the Reserve Bank of India to the government on August 28, as the announcement came two days after the survey closed. It had also missed the big-bang bank mergers that were announced on August 30 as well as the drop in GDP growth to 5% in the April-June quarter. However, the issue of transfer of funds had been in the air since the Union budget proposals in July and the survey recorded a highly negative reaction to the idea up to August 26.

posals in July and the survey recorded a highly negative reaction to the idea up to August 26.
Ghuwalewala also says: "Economic Strategy' is the primary factor that drove negativity around Modi 2.0 in the first 100 days, led by the current state of economy that was seen as a failure of the first term, and disappointing Union Budget proposals."

Of all the conversations on economic strategy, 30% discussed fiscal policy. The survey noted 22% negative reaction compared with 8% positive on this topic. Around 16% of the conversations on the economy were about employment generation, and 14% were negative.

employment generation, and 14% were negative.
Conversational research picks up cues from online conversations among a large number of people – and therefore the set can be classified as those having access to the internet and an inclination to engage in such conversations. In comparison to a normal survey, conversational research avoids leading the participant through a choice of questions.

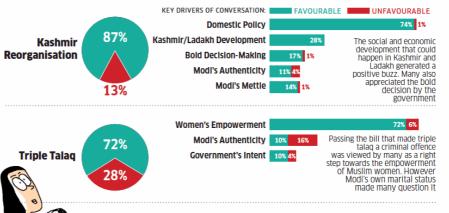
One more tool used by MavenMagnet is called Brand Association Meter and this shows perception around the government are in positive territory on "trust" and "respect", but is neutral on "hope".

ET Magazine also spoke to industrialist Harsh Goenka on his views on the government's performance and he felt the first 100 days have been "action-packed". He says: "The Modigovernment has shown decisiveness and boldness in dealing with long-pending social and political issues. The government has also been responsive to the needs of industry and investors. I am confident that there will be many more initiatives aimed at boosting exports, rural demand and reforms."

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#### Methodology

MavenMagnet, a multinational company, analysed 10,900 online conversations of 8,400 individuals between May 30 and August 26 this year around the Modi government. These conversations were on various platforms, including news websites, Twitter, Facebook, Instagram and YouTube. By analysing these conversations, MavenMagnet identified the most impactful initiatives of the Modi government in its first 89 days and how people perceived them online.







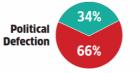






Corruption 4%

People felt that this would compromise the autonomy of RBI and Sebi



Modi's Authenticity

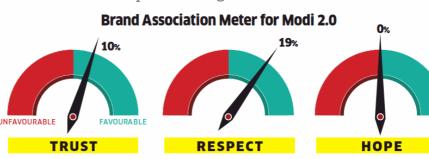
Communalism

35, 74, Most of the conversations around defections did not link them to the central government or Modi. Instead, the talks centred on corruption



# Deliberated Disruptions

The ruling BJP has mastered the art of accruing political dividends even as the nation passes through a turbulent economic stretch



MavenMagnet Association Meter shows, on a scale of -100% to +100%, consumer experience and emotive association of the brand with a particular factor as reflected in the tone of their conversations. Trust is of the highest order, followed by respect and hope

#### :: Shantanu Nandan Sharma

ncumbent governments rarely do well politically when the economy is on a downward slide. We are witnessing an exception: the political equity of the ruling Bharatiya Janata Party appears to be on a rapid rise even as citizens on the street, and on the web, candidly say that they are feeling the financial tremors.

they are feeling the financial tremors. So far, Modi 2.0 has been a story of good politics coexisting with a turbulent economy. As an exclusive survey for ETMagazine by MavenMagnet – analysing internet conversations of 8,400 individuals till August 26 – has shown, the negative sentiments around the new government arising out of a disappointing budget and

overstepping of tax sleuths, among others, are being neutral-So far, Modi 2.0 has been ised by what's being perceived as a story of good politics big positives such as the governcoexisting with a ment's recent action in Kashmir. the ban on triple talaq and rollturbulent economy. As out of the National Register of captured in the survey, Citizens (NRC) in Assam, alsome of the political though the last is more a Sumoves are both bold and preme Court-directed initiative. disruptive, pushing the first 100 days of Modi 2.0

into a positive trajectory

As captured in the survey, some of those political moves are both bold and disruptive, pushing the first 100 days of Modi 2.0 into a positive trajectory. The overall sentiments for the gov-

overall sentiments for the government are 28% net positive, meaning 64% positive responses as against 36% negative, the survey tells.

The second term of the Modi government, to be precise, will complete 100 days on September 6, five days from now.

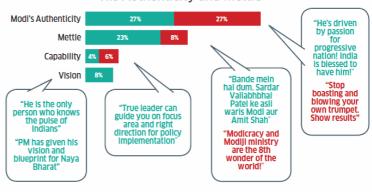
Here lies the question: how have PM Narendra Modi and Home Minister Amit Shah, the one who anchored the recent reorganisation of Jammu and Kashmir, succeeded in scripting a positive political narrative, forcing the opposition space to shrink further? The answer has several dimensions.

One, Modi 2.0 has demonstrated from day one that it was ready to bite the bullet. The promise of scrapping Ar-



(These are verbatim reproductions of conversations around each theme Conversations in green are positive and in red are negative)

#### Buzz on **Modi's Leadership** was Led by His Authenticity and Mettle



ticle 370 of the Constitution, a provision that bestowed certain autonomy to Jammu and Kashmir, had found a place in BJP's manifestos. But no political pundit could predict that Modi would act on itso early in his second term. Not only did Modi-Shah do it, but they went a step ahead by dividing the state into two entities — Jammu and Kashmir and Ladakh, and then downgrading their status to Union territories.

The question that may arise here is why should a government with 350-plus members in a house of 543 need to begin its innings with disruptions, pushing the strategically sensitive Kashmir Valley and its eight million citizens into a lockdown? Will a large conglomerate with a near-total monopoly in market share resort to such disruptive tactics while they are ahead with no threats on the horizon?

Modi-Shah found merit in this gamble, something, as the survey has shown, helped it big time to grow its political capital. The move also earned it a bonus in the form of dismantling opposition unity. The government's Kashmir venture received unequivocal support from some unlikely quarters – the Biju Janata Dal (BJD), Bahujan Samaj Party (BSP), Aam Aadmi Party (AAP) and YSR Congress Party (YSRCP). It also helped in engineering cracks in the principal opposition party, the Congress, with senior leaders such as Jyotiraditya Scindia and Bhupinder Singh Hooda backing the government on Article 370.

Kashmir Valley today is under siege, something

Kashmir Valley today is under siege, something that is likely to alienate its citizens further. But the political reality is that the rest of India is rejoicing. No wonder, "One India" is the most popular term in recent online conversations as captured by the survey.

Two, a standalone move, however bold and decisive it may be, can't create positive political vibes of this magnitude unless the party relentlessly moves on an

Disruptions in Kashmir could at best be a trigger in creating positive political vibes. The real causes have a wider canvass – from the ruling party's insatiable hunger to add more and more members, to the Opposition finding itself in utter disarray

expansionist mode. As demonstrated during Modi 1.0 (2014-19) and now, the ruling party uses every tool to consolidate its base and weaken both its opposition as well as allies. On August 5, the day the government announced its decision to abrogate the special status enshrined in Article 370 inthe Rajya Sabha, the then Congress chief

whip in the House, Bhubaneswar Kalita, tendered his resignation, arguing that the Congress' opposition on this matter was inappropriate. Four days later, Kalita joined the BJP. Further, Bihar Chief Minister Nitish Kumar-led Janata Dal (United), an NDA ally that abstained from voting on Kashmir, later found itself isolated in the larger electoral arithmetic.

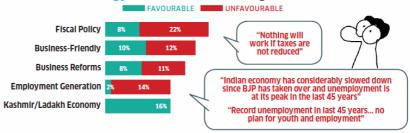
Finally, the BJP has a well-oiled political machinery with an undeclared motto that preparing for elections is not a seasonal affair. The party says it now has 18 crore registered voters, of which 7 crore has been added since July 6.

During the last three months, the BJP installed its government in Karnataka after toppling the JD(S)-Congress regime. It also welcomed four Rajya Sabha MPs belonging to the Telugu Desam Party of Andhra Pradesh into its fold. And in Sikkim, a small northeastern state that sends one MP to Lok Sabha and has only 32 assembly seats, the BJP established its footprint after 10 MLAs of its own ally, the Sikkim Democratic Front, defected to its side a fortnight ago. The party is now the principal opposition, standing at a striking distance to form the next government.

So, disruptions in Kashmir could at bestbe a trigger increating positive political vibes. The real causes have a wider canvass – from the ruling party's insatiable hunger to add more and more members, to the Opposition finding itself in utter disarray.

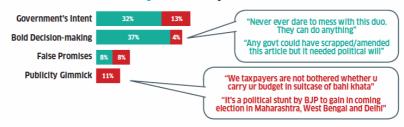
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#### Economic Strategy Created Maximum Negative Buzz in Modi 2.0

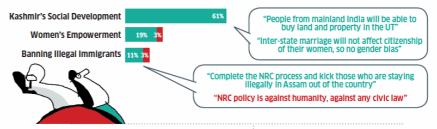


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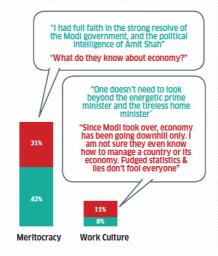
#### Buzz on **Accountability** was Led by Government's Intent



#### Buzz on **Social Development** was Led by Perceptions on Kashmir



### Buzz on **Administrative Efficiency** was Led by Meritocracy



## Buzz on **Communalism**was Led by the Perception that NDA Govt is Pro-Hindu

